

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1 - 76 (Cancelled).

77. (New) A cosmetic composition comprising, in a cosmetically acceptable organic liquid medium, at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer is present in an amount sufficient so that:

the mean gloss at 20° of a deposit of the cosmetic composition, once spread onto a support, is greater than or equal to 30 out of 100, and

the transfer index of the cosmetic composition is less than or equal to 40 out of 100.

78. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer is a non-elastomeric polymer.

79. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer is an ethylenic polymer derived from aliphatic ethylenic monomers comprising a carbon-carbon double bond and at least one group chosen from ester groups -COO- and amide groups -CON- .

80. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer is not soluble at an active material amount of at least 1% by weight in water or in a mixture of water and of linear or branched lower monoalcohols containing from 2 to 5 carbon atoms, without pH modification, at room temperature (25°C).

81. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer comprises at least one first block and at least one second block linked together via an intermediate segment comprising at least one constituent monomer of the at least one first block and at least one constituent monomer of the at least one second block.

82. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer comprises at least one first block and at least one second block with different glass transition temperatures (T_g).

83. (New) The composition according to Claim 82, wherein the difference between the glass transition temperatures (T_g) of the at least one first block and the at least one second block is greater than 10°C.

84. (New) The composition according to Claim 83, wherein the difference between the glass transition temperatures (T_g) of the at least one first block and the at least one second block is greater than 40°C.

85. (New) The composition according to Claim 82, wherein the at least one first block and the at least one second block are linked together via an intermediate segment with a glass transition temperature that ranges from the glass transition temperature of the at least one first block to the glass transition temperature of the at least one second block.

86. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer contains at least one first block and at least one second block that are incompatible in the organic liquid medium.

87. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the transfer index is less than or equal to 30 out of 100.

88. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 87, wherein the transfer index is less than or equal to 2 out of 100.

89. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the mean gloss measured at 20° of the cosmetic composition, once spread onto a support, is greater than or equal to 35 out of 100.

90. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 89, wherein the mean gloss measured at 20° of the cosmetic composition, once spread onto a support, is greater than or equal to 60 out of 100.

91. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the mean gloss of the cosmetic composition, once spread onto a support, measured at 60° is greater than or equal to 50 out of 100.

92. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 91, wherein the mean gloss of the cosmetic composition, once spread onto a support, measured at 60° is greater than or equal to 90 out of 100.

93. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the mean gloss of the cosmetic composition, once spread onto a support, measured at 20° is greater than 35 out of 100.

94. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 93, wherein the mean gloss of the cosmetic composition, once spread onto a support, measured at 20° is greater than 75 out of 100.

95. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer has a polydispersity index (I) of greater than 2.

96. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 95, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer has a polydispersity index of greater than or equal to 2.5.

97. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 96, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer has a polydispersity index that ranges from 2.8 to 6.

98. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer has a weight-average mass (Mw) of less than or equal to 300,000.

99. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 98, wherein the weight-average mass (Mw) ranges from 35,000 to 200,000.

100. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 99, wherein the weight-average mass (Mw) ranges from 45,000 to 150,000.

101. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 99, wherein the number-average mass (Mn) is less than or equal to 70,000.

102. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 99, wherein the number-average mass (Mn) ranges from 10,000 to 60,000.

103. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 102, wherein the number-average mass (Mn) ranges from 12,000 to 50,000.

104. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein said composition comprises from 0.1% to 60% by weight of active material of polymer relative to the total weight of the composition.

105. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 104, wherein said composition comprises 10% to 40% by weight of active material of polymer relative to the total weight of the composition.

106. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 105, further comprising at least one glossy oil in an amount of less than 30% by weight relative to the total weight of the composition.

107. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 106, wherein said at least one glossy oil is present in an amount of less than 15% by weight relative to the total weight of the composition.

108. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 82 wherein the at least one first block of the polymer is chosen from:

- a) a block with a Tg of greater than or equal to 40°C,
- b) a block with a Tg of less than or equal to 20°C,
- c) a block with a Tg of between 20 and 40°C, and

the at least one second block is chosen from a category a), b) or c) different from the at least one first block.

109. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 108, wherein the block with a Tg of greater than or equal to 40°C is totally or partially derived from at least one monomer such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C.

110. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 109, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C is chosen from the following monomers:

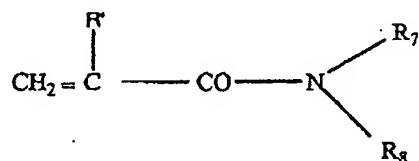
- methacrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{C}(\text{CH}_3)\text{-COOR}_1$

in which R_1 is chosen from a linear or branched unsubstituted C_1 to C_4 alkyl group and a C_4 to C_{12} cycloalkyl group;

- acrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH-COOR}_2$

in which R_2 is a C_4 to C_{12} cycloalkyl group;

- (meth)acrylamides of formula:



in which R_7 and R_8 , which may be identical or different, each are chosen from hydrogen atoms and linear or branched C_1 to C_{12} alkyl groups; or R_7 is hydrogen and R_8 is a 1,1-dimethyl-3-oxobutyl group, and R' is chosen from hydrogen and methyl;

- and mixtures thereof.

111. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 109, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C is chosen from methyl methacrylate, isobutyl (meth)acrylate and isobornyl (meth)acrylate, and mixtures thereof.

112. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 111, wherein the block with a Tg of less than or equal to 20°C is totally or partially derived from at least

one monomer such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C.

113. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 112, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C is chosen from the following monomers:

- acrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CHCOOR}_3$,

wherein R_3 is chosen from a linear or branched C_1 to C_{12} unsubstituted alkyl group, with the exception of the tert-butyl group, in which at least one hetero atom chosen from O, N and S is optionally intercalated;

- methacrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{C}(\text{CH}_3)\text{-COOR}_4$,

wherein R_4 is chosen from a linear or branched C_6 to C_{12} unsubstituted alkyl group, in which at least one hetero atom chosen from O, N and S is optionally intercalated;

- vinyl esters of formula $\text{R}_5\text{-CO-O-CH} = \text{CH}_2$

in which R_5 is a linear or branched C_4 to C_{12} alkyl group;

- C_4 to C_{12} alkyl vinyl ethers,

- N-(C_4 to C_{12})alkyl acrylamides, such as N-octylacrylamide,

- and mixtures thereof.

114. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 112, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C is chosen from C_1 to C_{10} alkyl acrylates, with the exception of the tert-butyl group.

115. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 108, wherein the block with a T_g of between 20 and 40°C is totally or partially derived from at least one monomer, such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of between 20 and 40°C.

116. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 108, wherein the block with a T_g of between 20 and 40°C is totally or partially derived from at least one monomer such that the corresponding homopolymer has a T_g of greater than or equal to 40°C and from at least one monomer such that the corresponding homopolymer has a T_g of less than or equal to 20°C.

117. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 115, wherein the block with a T_g of between 20 and 40 °C is totally or partially derived from at least one monomer chosen from methyl methacrylate, isobornyl acrylate and methacrylate, butyl acrylate and 2-ethylhexyl acrylate, and mixtures thereof.

118. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 108, further comprising a block polymer comprising at least one first block and at least one second block, wherein the at least one first block has a glass transition temperature (T_g) of greater than or equal to 40°C and the at least one second block has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C.

119. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 118, wherein the at least one first block is totally or partially derived from at least one monomer, such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C.

120. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 119, wherein the at least one first block is a copolymer derived from at least one monomer, such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C.

121. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 119, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C is chosen from the following monomers:

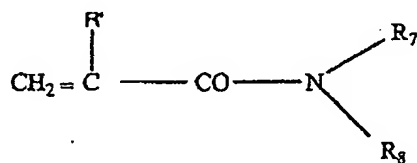
- methacrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{C}(\text{CH}_3)\text{-COOR}_1$

in which R_1 is chosen from a linear or branched unsubstituted C_1 to C_4 alkyl group or R_1 is chosen from a C_4 to C_{12} cycloalkyl group;

- acrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH-COOR}_2$

in which R_2 is chosen from a C_4 to C_{12} cycloalkyl group and a tert-butyl group;

- (meth)acrylamides of formula:



in which R_7 and R_8 , which may be identical or different, each are chosen from a hydrogen atom or a linear or branched C_1 to C_{12} alkyl group; or R_7 is a hydrogen and R_8 is a 1,1-dimethyl-3-oxobutyl group, and R' is a hydrogen or methyl;

- and mixtures thereof.

122. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 119, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition

temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C is chosen from methyl methacrylate, isobutyl methacrylate and isobornyl (meth)acrylate, and mixtures thereof.

123. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 119, wherein the proportion of the at least one first block ranges from 20% to 90% by weight relative to the total weight of the polymer.

124. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 123, wherein the proportion of the at least one first block ranges from 50% to 70% by weight relative to the total weight of the polymer.

125. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 119, wherein the at least one second block is totally or partially derived from at least one monomer, such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C.

126. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 119, wherein the at least one second block is a homopolymer derived from at least one monomer, such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C.

127. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 125, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C is chosen from the following monomers:

- acrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CHCOOR}_3$,

wherein R_3 is chosen from a linear or branched C_1 to C_{12} unsubstituted alkyl group, with the exception of the tert-butyl group, in which at least one hetero atom chosen from O, N and S is optionally intercalated;

- methacrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{C}(\text{CH}_3)\text{-COOR}_4$,

R_4 is a linear or branched C_6 to C_{12} unsubstituted alkyl group, in which at least one hetero atom chosen from O, N and S is optionally intercalated;

- vinyl esters of formula $\text{R}_5\text{-CO-O-CH} = \text{CH}_2$

in which R_5 is a linear or branched C_4 to C_{12} alkyl group;

- C_4 to C_{12} alkyl vinyl ethers;

- N-(C_4 to C_{12})alkyl acrylamides, such as N-octylacrylamide;

- and mixtures thereof.

128. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 125, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C is chosen from C_1 to C_{10} alkyl acrylates, with the exception of the tert-butyl group.

129. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 128, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C is chosen from isobutyl acrylate, methyl acrylate and 2-ethylhexyl acrylate.

130. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 118, wherein the proportion of the at least one second block with a T_g of less than or equal to 20°C ranges from 5% to 75% by weight relative to the total weight of the polymer.

131. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 130, wherein the proportion of the at least one second block with a T_g of less than or equal to 20°C ranges from 25% to 45% by weight relative to the total weight of the polymer.

132. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 118, further comprising a block polymer comprising at least one first block and at least one second block, the at least one first block having a glass transition temperature (T_g) of between 20 and 40°C and the at least one second block having a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C or a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C.

133. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 132 wherein the at least one first block with a T_g of between 20 and 40°C is totally or partially derived from at least one monomer such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of between 20 and 40°C.

134. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 132, wherein the at least one first block with a T_g of between 20 and 40°C is a copolymer derived from at least one monomer such that the corresponding homopolymer has a T_g of greater than or equal to 40°C and from at least one monomer such that the corresponding homopolymer has a T_g of less than or equal to 20°C.

135. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 132, wherein the at least one first block with a T_g of between 20 and 40°C is derived from at least one monomer chosen from methyl methacrylate, isobornyl acrylate and methacrylate, butyl acrylate and 2-ethylhexyl acrylate, and mixtures thereof.

136. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 132, wherein the proportion of the at least one first block with a T_g of between 20 and 40°C ranges from 10% to 85% by weight relative to the total weight of the polymer.

137. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 136, wherein the proportion of the at least one first block with a Tg of between 20 and 40°C ranges from 50% to 70% by weight relative to the total weight of the polymer.

138. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 132, wherein the at least one second block has a Tg of greater than or equal to 40°C and is totally or partially derived from at least one monomer such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C.

139. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 132, wherein the at least one second block has a Tg of greater than or equal to 40°C and is a homopolymer derived from at least one monomer such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C.

140. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 138, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C is chosen from the following monomers:

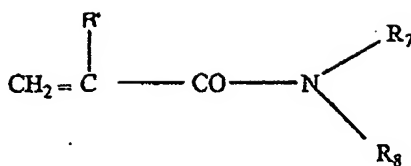
- methacrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{C}(\text{CH}_3)\text{-COOR}_1$

in which R₁ is chosen from a linear or branched unsubstituted C₁ to C₄ alkyl group or R₁ is chosen from a C₄ to C₁₂ cycloalkyl group;

- acrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CH-COOR}_2$

in which R₂ is chosen from a C₄ to C₁₂ cycloalkyl group or a tert-butyl group;

- (meth)acrylamides of formula:



in which R₇ and R₈, which may be identical or different, are each chosen from a hydrogen atom or a linear or branched C₁ to C₁₂ alkyl group; or R₇ is a hydrogen and R₈ is a 1,1-dimethyl-3-oxobutyl group, and R' is a hydrogen or methyl;
- and mixtures thereof.

141. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 136, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C is chosen from methyl methacrylate, isobutyl methacrylate and isobornyl (meth)acrylate, and mixtures thereof.

142. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 138, wherein the proportion of the at least one second block with a T_g of greater than or equal to 40°C ranges from 10% to 85% by weight relative to the total weight of the polymer.

143. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 142, wherein the proportion of the at least one second block with a T_g of greater than or equal to 40°C ranges from 30% to 70% by weight relative to the total weight of the polymer.

144. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 132, wherein the at least one second block has a T_g of less than or equal to 20°C and is totally or partially derived from at least one monomer such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C.

145. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 132, wherein the at least one second block has a T_g of less than or equal to 20°C and is a homopolymer

derived from at least one monomer such that the homopolymer prepared from the at least one monomer has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C.

146. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 144, wherein the at least one monomer whose corresponding homopolymer has a glass transition temperature of less than or equal to 20°C is chosen from the following monomers:

- acrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CHCOOR}_3$,

wherein R_3 is chosen from a linear or branched C_1 to C_{12} unsubstituted alkyl group, with the exception of the tert-butyl group, in which at least one hetero atom chosen from O, N and S is optionally intercalated;

- methacrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{C}(\text{CH}_3)\text{-COOR}_4$,

R_4 is chosen from a linear or branched C_6 to C_{12} unsubstituted alkyl group, in which at least one hetero atom chosen from O, N and S is optionally intercalated;

- vinyl esters of formula $\text{R}_5\text{-CO-O-CH} = \text{CH}_2$

in which R_5 is chosen from linear or branched C_4 to C_{12} alkyl groups;

- C_4 to C_{12} alkyl vinyl ethers;
- N-(C_4 to C_{12})alkyl acrylamides;
- and mixtures thereof.

147. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 144, wherein the at least one monomer whose homopolymers have glass transition temperatures of less than or equal to 20°C is chosen from C_1 to C_{10} alkyl acrylates, with the exception of the tert-butyl group.

148. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 144, wherein the proportion of the block with a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C ranges from 20% to 90% by weight relative to the total weight of the polymer.

149. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 148, wherein the proportion of the block with a glass transition temperature of greater than or equal to 40°C ranges from 50% to 70% by weight relative to the total weight of the polymer.

150. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 81 wherein the at least one first block and/or the at least one second block comprises at least one additional monomer.

151. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 150, wherein the at least one additional monomer is chosen from hydrophilic monomers and ethylenically unsaturated monomers comprising at least one silicon atom, and mixtures thereof.

152. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 150, wherein the at least one additional monomer is chosen from:

- a) hydrophilic monomers and
- b) ethylenically unsaturated monomers comprising at least one silicon atom;
- and mixtures thereof.

153. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 152, wherein the hydrophilic monomers a) are chosen from:

- ethylenically unsaturated monomers comprising at least one carboxylic or sulfonic acid function
- ethylenically unsaturated monomers comprising at least one tertiary amine function, and

- methacrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{C}(\text{CH}_3)\text{-COOR}_6$

in which R_6 is chosen from a linear or branched C_1 to C_4 alkyl group, said alkyl group being substituted with at least one substituent chosen from hydroxyl groups and halogen atoms;

- methacrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{C}(\text{CH}_3)\text{-COOR}_9$,

in which R_9 is chosen from a linear or branched C_6 to C_{12} alkyl group in which at least one hetero atom chosen from O, N and S is optionally intercalated, said alkyl group being substituted with at least one substituent chosen from hydroxyl groups and halogen atoms;

- acrylates of formula $\text{CH}_2 = \text{CHCOOR}_{10}$,

in which R_{10} is chosen from a linear or branched C_1 to C_{12} alkyl group substituted with at least one substituent chosen from hydroxyl groups and halogen atoms or

R_{10} is a C_1 to C_{12} alkyl-O-POE (polyoxyethylene) with repetition of the oxyethylene unit from 5 to 30 times, or

R_{10} is a polyoxyethylenated group comprising from 5 to 30 ethylene oxide units.

154. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 150, wherein each of the at least one first block and the at least one second block comprises at least one additional monomer chosen from acrylic acid, (meth)acrylic acid and trifluoroethyl methacrylate, and mixtures thereof.

155. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 150, wherein each of the at least one first block and the at least one second block comprises at least one

monomer chosen from (meth)acrylic acid esters and optionally at least one additional monomer and mixtures thereof.

156. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 150, wherein each of the at least one first block and the at least one second block is totally derived from at least one monomer chosen from (meth)acrylic acid esters and optionally from at least one additional monomer, and mixtures thereof.

157. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 150, wherein the at least one additional monomer is present in an amount ranging from 1% to 30% by weight relative to the total weight of the at least one first block and/or the at least one second block.

158. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 157, further comprising at least one dyestuff chosen from water-soluble dyes and pulverulent dyestuffs.

159. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the cosmetic composition is in a form chosen from a suspension, a dispersion, a solution, a gel, an emulsion, a cream, a paste, a mousse, a dispersion of vesicles, a two-phase or multi-phase lotion, a spray, a powder.

160. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 159, wherein the cosmetic composition is in the form of a paste chosen from a soft paste and an anhydrous paste.

161. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the cosmetic composition is in anhydrous form.

162. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the cosmetic composition is a makeup or care composition for keratin materials.

163. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the cosmetic composition is a lip makeup product.

164. (New) The cosmetic composition according to Claim 77, wherein the cosmetic composition is an eye makeup product.

165. (New) A multi-compartment kit comprising:

a) a container comprising at least one compartment, the container being closed by a closing member; and

b) a composition placed inside the at least one compartment, wherein the composition comprises, in a cosmetically acceptable organic liquid medium, at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic blockpolymer is present in an amount sufficient so that:

the mean gloss at 20° of a deposit of the cosmetic composition, once spread onto a support, is greater than or equal to 30 out of 100, and

the transfer index of the cosmetic composition is less than or equal to 40 out of 100.

166. (New) The multi-compartment kit according to Claim 165, wherein the container is at least partially formed from at least one thermoplastic material.

167. (New) The multi-compartment kit according to Claim 165, wherein the container is at least partially formed from at least one non-thermoplastic material.

168. (New) The multi-compartment kit according to Claim 165, wherein in the closed position of the container, the closing member is screwed onto the container.

169. (New) The multi-compartment kit according to Claim 165, wherein in the closed position of the container, the closing member is coupled to the container in a manner other than by screwing.

170. (New) The multi-compartment kit according to Claim 169, wherein in the closed position of the container, the closing member is coupled to the container by click-fastening.

171. (New) The multi-compartment kit according to Claim 169, wherein in the closed position of the container, the closing member is coupled to the container by bonding or welding.

172. (New) The multi-compartment kit according to Claim 165, wherein the composition is substantially at atmospheric pressure inside the compartment.

173. (New) The multi-compartment kit according to Claim 165, wherein the composition is pressurized inside the container.

174. (New) A cosmetic process for making up or caring for keratin materials, comprising:

application to the keratin materials of a cosmetic composition;

wherein the cosmetic composition comprises, in a cosmetically acceptable organic liquid medium, at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer, wherein the at least one film-forming linear ethylenic block polymer is present in an amount sufficient so that:

the mean gloss at 20° of a deposit of the cosmetic composition, once spread onto a support, is greater than or equal to 30 out of 100, and

the transfer index of the cosmetic composition is less than or equal to 40 out of
100.